

# A Poset of Graphs

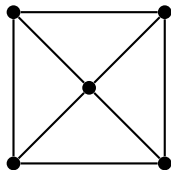
Jason P. Smith

University of Aberdeen

# The Poset

$\mathcal{P}$  = Poset of all unlabelled finite graphs, upto isomorphism

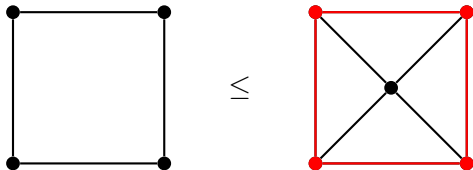
Loops and multiple edges ARE allowed.



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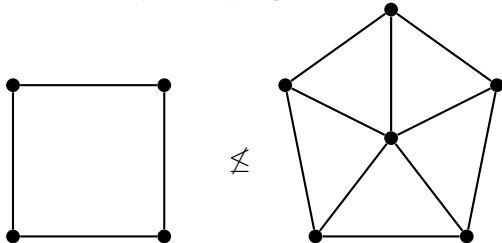
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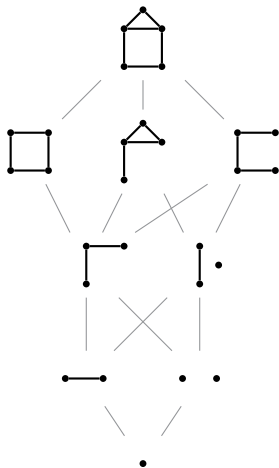
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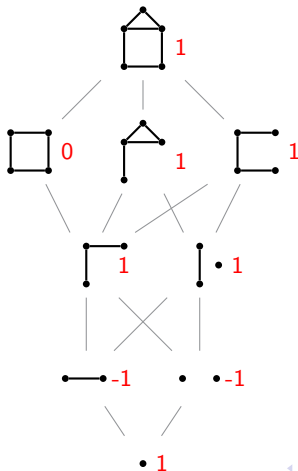
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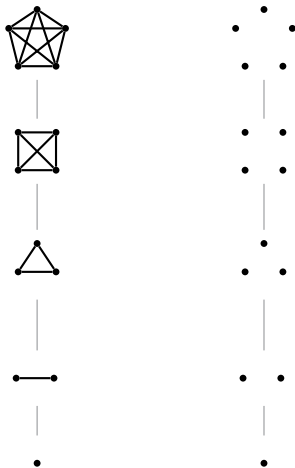
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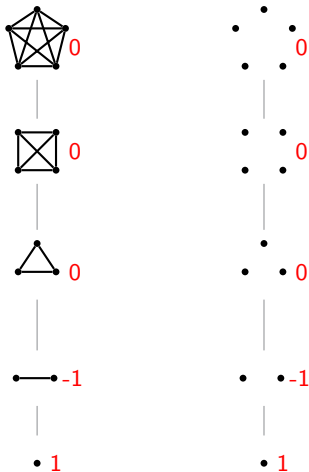


$$\mu(\cdot, \text{graph}) = 1$$

# Complete/Empty Graph



# Complete/Empty Graph





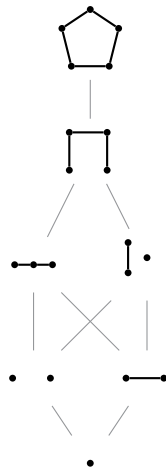
# Complete/Empty Graph



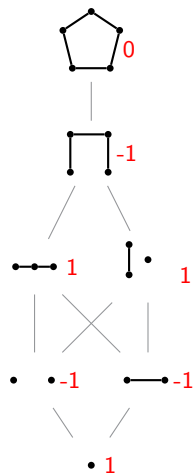
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \mu(K_a, K_b) \\ \mu(\overline{K_a}, \overline{K_b}) \end{array} \right\} = 0$$

$b > a + 1$

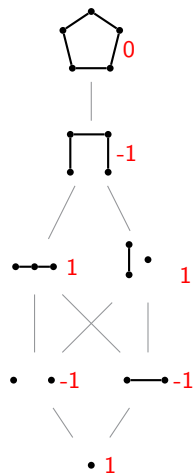
# Cycle Graph



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$$\mu(H, C_a) = 0$$

$$H \notin \{P_{a-1}, C_a\}$$

# First Results

*Vertex Transitive*: Deleting any vertex gives same graph, upto isomorphism

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## Lemma

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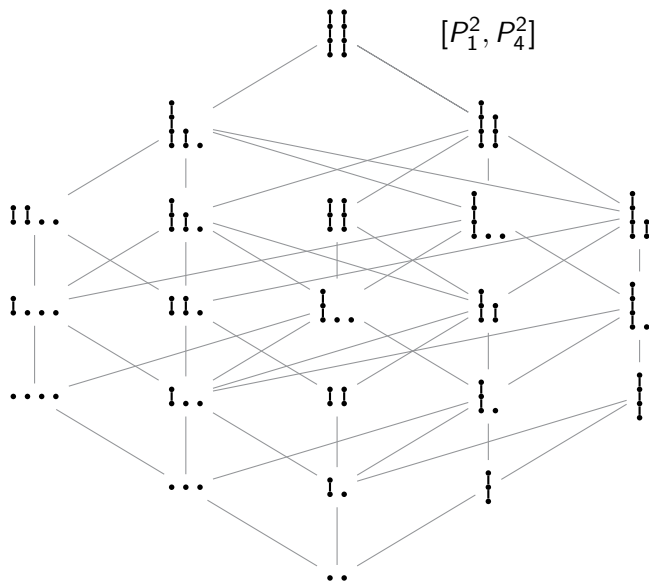
If  $H, G$  simple graphs, then  $\mu(H, G) = \mu(\overline{H}, \overline{G})$

## Lemma

If  $G$  has no loops, then  $\mu(K_0, G) = 0$  ( $|G| > 1$ )



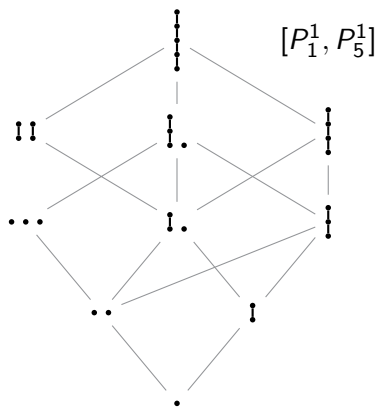
# Path Graphs



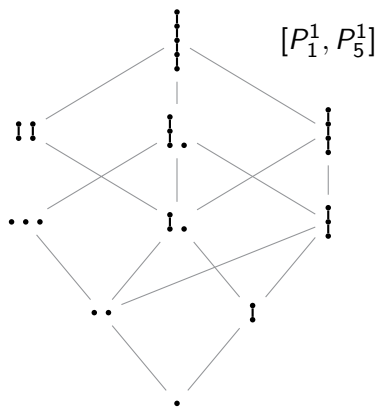
# Path Graphs - $\mu(P_1^n, P_x^n)$

$\begin{array}{c} x \rightarrow \\ n \downarrow \end{array}$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
2	1	0	1	1	2	3	5	8	
3	1	0	1	-1	5	-14	47		
4	1	0	1	1	14	81			
5	1	0	1	-1	42				
6	1	0	1	1					
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8	1	0							
9	1								

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$$\begin{array}{cccccc}
 P_5 \rightarrow P_2, P_2 & P_5 \rightarrow P_4 & P_4 \rightarrow P_2, P_1 & P_4 \rightarrow P_3 & P_3 \rightarrow P_2 \\
 P_3 \rightarrow P_1, P_1 & P_5 \rightarrow P_3, P_1 & P_1 \rightarrow P_0 & P_2 \rightarrow P_1 & 
 \end{array}$$

## Path Graphs - $\mu(P_1^n, P_5^n)$

$$\mu(P_1^n, P_5^n) = \#\text{critical chains from } P_5^n \text{ to } P_1^n$$

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$P_5 > P_{2,2} > P_{2,1} > P_2 > P_1$	:
$P_5 > P_{2,2} > P_{2,1} > P_{1,1} > P_1$	: $P_{1,1}$
$P_5 > P_4 > P_{2,1} > P_2 > P_1$	: $P_4$
$P_5 > P_4 > P_{2,1} > P_{1,1} > P_1$	: $P_4, P_{1,1}$
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$P_5 > P_{3,1} > P_{2,1} > P_2 > P_1$	: $P_{3,1}$
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$P_5 > P_{3,1} > P_{1,1,1} > P_{1,1} > P_1$	: $P_{1,1,1}$
$P_5 > P_{3,1} > P_3 > P_2 > P_1$	: $P_{3,1}, P_3$
$P_5 > P_{3,1} > P_3 > P_{1,1} > P_1$	: $P_{3,1}, P_3, P_{1,1} (CC)$

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Critical chains:

$$P_5 > P_{3,1} > P_3$$

$$P_3 > P_{1,1} > P_1$$

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Critical chains:

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$U$

$$P_3 > P_{1,1} > P_1$$

$D$



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$$P_5 > P_{3,1} > P_3 > P_{1,1} > P_1 \wedge$$

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$\underset{U}{\phantom{P_5 > P_{3,1} > P_3}} \qquad \underset{D}{\phantom{P_3 > P_{1,1} > P_1}}$

$$P_5 > P_{3,1} > P_3 > P_{1,1} > P_1 \quad \wedge$$

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	$\begin{matrix} x \rightarrow \\ n \downarrow \end{matrix}$	✓ 1	✓ 2	✓ 3	✓ 4	✓ 5	6	7	8	9
✓ induction	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
✓ induction	2	1	0	1	1	2	3	5	8	
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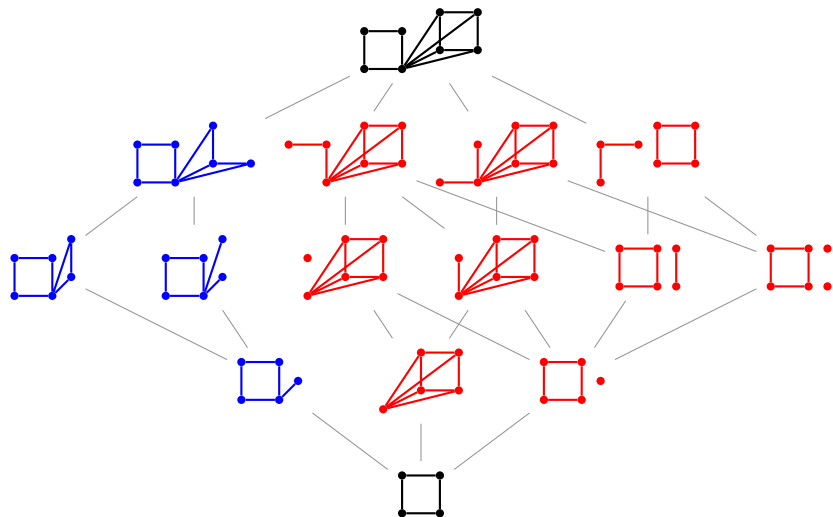
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## Corollary

*The Möbius function is unbounded.*

# Disconnected Intervals

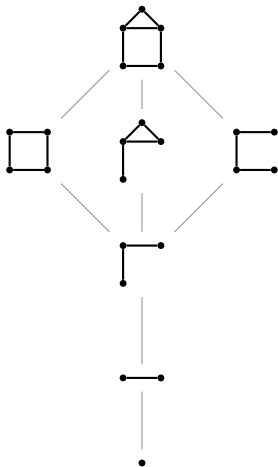


## Theorem

$[H, G]$  is disconnected if and only if it is strongly zero-split.

# Poset of Connected Graphs

$\mathcal{P}^c =$  Poset of all unlabelled finite connected graphs





# Poset of Connected Graphs

$\mathcal{P}^c =$  Poset of all unlabelled finite connected graphs

- $\mu(K_1, G) = 0$
- Möbius function is unbounded
- $[H, G]$  disconnected if and only if it strongly zero split
- $\mu(K_a, K_b) = \mu(\overline{K_a}, \overline{K_b}) = \mu(H, C_a) = \mu(P_a, P_b) = 0$

## Further Work

- Are the coatoms of every interval unique? (Graph Reconstruction Conjecture)
- What intervals are shellable? Proportion? Disconnected subinterval necessary and sufficient?
- Unimodal?
- Proportion of intervals with nonzero Möbius function?
- Poset of directed graphs?

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Thank You For Listening!

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